## § 23.45

- (7) The Management Authority of the country of import has agreed to the cross-border movement.
- (8) The wildlife is securely marked or uniquely identified in such a manner that the border official can verify that the specimen and CITES document correspond.
- (9) The wildlife is transported and cared for in a way that minimizes risk of injury, damage to health, or cruel treatment of the specimen (see §23.23).
- (e) *U.S. standard conditions*. In addition to the conditions in §23.56, all of the following conditions must be met:
- (1) You must accompany the wildlife during any cross-border movement.
- (2) You must transport the wildlife for personal use only.
- (3) You must not sell, donate, or transfer the specimen while traveling internationally.
- (4) You must present the certificate to the official for validation at each border crossing.
- (5) If the certificate is lost, stolen, or accidentally destroyed, you must obtain a replacement certificate from the issuing Management Authority.
- (6) If you no longer own the live wildlife, you must immediately return the original document to the issuing Management Authority and report on the disposition of the wildlife, such as death, sale, or transfer.
- (7) You must return the wildlife to the United States before the certificate expires.

[72 FR 48448, Aug. 23, 2007, as amended at 79 FR 30425, May 27, 2014]

## § 23.45 What are the requirements for a pre-Convention specimen?

- (a) Purpose. Article VII(2) of the Treaty exempts a pre-Convention specimen from standard permitting requirements in Articles III, IV, and V of the Treaty when the exporting or reexporting country is satisfied that the specimen was acquired before the provisions of CITES applied to it and issues a CITES document to that effect.
- (b) *U.S.* and foreign general provisions. The following general provisions apply to the issuance and acceptance of pre-Convention documents:
- (1) Trade in a specimen under the pre-Convention exemption is allowed

- only if the importing country will accept a pre-Convention certificate.
- (2) The pre-Convention date is the date the species was first listed under CITES regardless of whether the species has subsequently been transferred from one Appendix to another.
- (3) For a pre-Convention Appendix-I specimen, no CITES import permit is required.
- (4) The pre-Convention exemption does not apply to offspring or cell lines of any wildlife or plant born or propagated after the date the species was first listed under CITES.
- (c) *U.S. application form.* Complete Form 3–200–23 (wildlife) or Form 3–200–32 (plants) and submit it to the U.S. Management Authority.
- (d) Criteria. The criteria in this paragraph (d) apply to the issuance and acceptance of U.S. and foreign certificates. When applying for a U.S. certificate, you must provide sufficient information for us to find that the specimen meets all of the following criteria:
- (1) The specimen was removed from the wild or born or propagated in a controlled environment before the date CITES first applied to it, or is a product (including a manufactured item) or derivative made from such specimen.
- (2) The scientific name of the species is the standard nomenclature in the CITES Appendices or the references adopted by the CoP (see § 23.23).
- (3) Live wildlife or plants will be prepared and shipped so as to minimize risk of injury, damage to health, or cruel treatment of the specimen.
- (4) For the re-export of a pre-Convention specimen previously imported under a CITES document, the wildlife or plant was legally imported.

## § 23.46 What are the requirements for registering a commercial breeding operation for Appendix-I wildlife and commercially exporting specimens?

(a) Purpose. Article VII(4) of the Treaty provides that Appendix-I specimens that are bred in captivity for commercial purposes shall be deemed to be listed in Appendix II. This means that an Appendix-I specimen originating from a commercial breeding operation that is registered with the CITES Secretariat may be traded under an export permit or re-export